

Chlorophyll Fluorometer Characterization in Uranine liquid Proxy (new method)

Date:	1/13/18
Serial #:	AFL-015
Tech:	ZB/CC

Dark Counts	0.220 volts
CEV	1.79 volts
SF	16.178
FSV	5.38 volts
Linearity:	0.999 R ² (0–1.5 volts) 0.995 R ² (0– 5.45 volts)

Notes:

Dark Counts: Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

CEV is the chlorophyll equivalent voltage. This value is the signal output of the fluorometer when using a Uranine dye fluorescent proxy that has been determined to be approximately equivalent to 25.4 μ g/l of a *Thalassiosira weissflogii* phytoplankton culture.

SF is the scale factor used to derive chlorophyll concentration from the signal voltage output of the fluorometer. The scale factor is determine by using the following equation: SF = (25.4) / (CEV - dark).

FSV is the maximum signal voltage output that the fluorometer is capable of.

Chlorophyll concentration expressed in $\mu g/l (mg/m^3)$ can be derived by using the following equation: ($\mu g/l$) = (Vmeasured – dark) * SF

The relationship between fluorescence and chlorophyll-*a* concentrations in-situ is high variable. The scale factor listed on this document was determined by using a mono-culture of phytoplankton (*Thalassiosira weissflogii*). The population was assumed to be reasonably healthy and the concentration was determined by using the absorption method. To accurately determine chlorophyll concentration using a fluorometer you must perform secondary measurements on the populations of interest. This is typically done using extraction based measurement techniques on discrete samples. For additional information on determination of chlorophyll concentration see [Standard Methods For The Examination Of Water And Wastewater] part 10200 H published jointly by: American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association and Water Environment Federation.

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